

# PETS HER SWEET TOOTH WITH HER "EASY COME" \$2

Miss Lulu Hicks, 312 North Royal street, bought a box of chocolates today with a \$2 award of The Times Money. Miss Hicks discovered yesterday afternoon when scanning the list of awards appearing on the front page of her copy of The Times that her coupon numbers HHH 12468 had been selected for a \$2 award. She had no time cashing in.

She will buy a box of chocolates with the compliments of The Times," said Miss Hicks.



# Keep Your Hair Young

Q-ban Hair Color Restorer brings back the dark, natural shade to hair that is gray, faded or streaked with gray. Restores its youthful lustre—revives and stimulates growth—stops the hair from falling out.

For sale at all drug stores and wherever toilet goods are sold.

**Q-ban** Hair Color Restorer

Hessig-Ellis, Chemists, Memphis, Tenn.

# CALLS PARCEL POST Iridescent DREAM

The parcel post is an "iridescent dream," W. D. Brown, counsel for the National Rural Letter Carriers' Association, today told the House Committee on Expenditures in the Postoffice Department. He is appearing as a witness before the committee.

The committee is investigating various branches of the Postoffice Department, particularly those alleged to have broken down under the administration of Postmaster General Burleson.

Chairman Zihlman asked Mr. Brown if the farmers had taken advantage of the parcel post, as originally contemplated.

# MEN HAVE ARMS TORN OFF BY ANIMALS, FEEL NO PAIN

LONDON, Sept. 4.—Our story of a man being blown away, unhurt, by the explosion of a bomb which he did not hear must seem incredible to many people. Here is something like an analogy.

King Edward once brought together at his dinner table Rustem Pasha, who had had half his right hand and part of his arm torn off by a bear, and Sir Edward Bradford, who had had his left arm up to the elbow munched away by a tiger.

The two men compared notes. Neither had felt the least twinge of pain at the time. They imagined that their intense desire to save their lives dulled all other senses.

# HAM, WHEN CUT, JUMPS IN PRICE

CHICAGO, Sept. 4.—Humaningenuity and strategy are finding it difficult to combat the high cost of living, for it's service that costs.

One Chicago citizen set out to purchase a ham. It was quoted to him at 45 cents a pound and weighed ten pounds. The citizen decided to take half of the ham.

The butcher cut the ham to meet the wishes of the citizen and explained that a half ham would cost 65 cents a pound, the extra charge being for the cutting.

"I'd like to get a job cutting hams in half at \$2 a lb.," commented the citizen. His letter to Col. H. R. Harris, Jr., who is assisting District Attorney Clyne in investigating food profiteers, is being held for further use.

# NEW JUGOSLAV CABINET BLOCKED BY OPPONENTS

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 4.—In parliamentary circles the position of the new Yugoslav cabinet is now considered decidedly precarious, according to a copyrighted Belgrade dispatch to the Philadelphia Public Ledger.

Although it secured a small majority of eight on its declaration of policy, it cannot count on an absolute majority in the chamber.

As it can never muster the necessary quorum of 145 out of a total of 383 votes, the opposition need only abstain from attending debate to block all legislation.

# ASK \$15,000 TO PAY FOR ANTI-LEAGUE TOUR OF U. S.

An appropriation of \$15,000 will be provided to defray the expenses of speaking tours by Senators opposed to the league of nations if Congress adopts a joint resolution introduced in the House by Representative Newton, Republican, of Missouri.

In the preamble to the resolution, Mr. Newton points out that President Wilson's tour "to convert the American people to his views" is sponsored by the Government, and declared that it is only fair that the people be given an opportunity to judge intelligently and impartially the great problems involved in such proposed league covenants.

Mr. Newton will press for the adoption of the measure at an early date.

# G. O. P. COMMITTEE NAMES 8 NEW HOUSE MEMBERS

At a party conference last night eight new members were elected to the Republican Congressional committee. Two of them, Congressmen Tinscher of Kansas and McLaughlin of Nebraska, are serving their first terms in the House. The other new members are Congressmen Ramseyer of Iowa, Riddick, Montana; Taylor, Tennessee; Miller, Washington; Bowers, West Virginia, and Senator Fall of New Mexico.

# LANSING PLEADS FOR CHRISTIANITY

LAKE GENEVA, Wis., Sept. 4.—"To bring men back to the spiritual standard, to make Christ's principles an impelling force in the reconstruction of society, and to teach men to think true and live true, is the mighty task to which the church is called," said Secretary of the State Robert Lansing, in an address to the New Era Conference of the Presbyterian Church, being held here to lay out a five-year program covering new problems and conditions in which the world finds itself after the war.

"This is a time of remodeling and reconstructing," he said. "Out of the ruins of the old world order, shattered by the war, there must be erected a new structure based upon sounder principles. New ideas and new conceptions of society's obligations to the individual have been released, and there is manifested a radicalism in their advocacy which threatens the disruption of the present social order."

# TOLEDO WILL LOSE 12,000 IN FOREIGN POPULATION

TOLEDO, Ohio, Sept. 4.—This city will lose 12,000 of its present population within three months, according to the manager of the foreign department of a local bank. Lifting of the restrictions on foreigners desiring to return to their homelands will cause the exodus. Four thousand Bulgarians will return to their homes, it is said.

# GEN. SIR HUBERT GOUGH, of the British army, who, according to a dispatch from Berlin quoting German reports from Riga, has announced to the populace of Petrograd that an attack is to be made on that city, and that as soon as the Russian city is freed from Bolshevist tyranny food will be furnished.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 4.—Asserting that the colored people of the United States can no longer submit without organized protest to alleged injustices practiced against them, the board of bishops of the African Methodist Episcopal Zion Church have addressed an open letter to President Wilson, Congress, and governors of the various States.

It is the desire of the board of bishops, according to the letter, to use their personal influence and direct the agencies at their disposal as to promote harmonious relations between the white and colored races.

The letter, in part, follows: "As bishops of the African Methodist Zion Church, we feel called upon to address you upon certain serious conditions which obtain in our beloved country."

"We note with conscious pride the patriotic sacrifices which all the people of our common country made to secure the victorious peace in the great world war and to secure freedom for all mankind. With equal pride and hopefulness we trusted that this same spirit of patriotism and unanimity of action would continue throughout the period of reconstruction at least."

"We are both surprised and pained at the evidences of lawlessness and injustice so recently visited upon our people in various sections of our country. The lynching of colored soldiers in American uniform at Hickman, Ky.; Hattiesburg, Miss., and other places; the savage mobbing of old men and women and the wholesale lawless and brutal attacks upon negroes, even in the Capital of the

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Nation, Longview, Tex., and the "great city" upon the lakes cannot be overlooked by us, nor by any others interested in the welfare of our nation and the perpetuity of our government.

"As the moral and religious leaders of a great denomination and the accredited spokesmen for hundreds of thousands of self-respecting and law-abiding citizens, we ask the earnest of your good offices to correct these wrongs, and prevent a recurrence of such outrages."

# Adler-i-ka Again!

"After using Adler-i-ka I am entirely cured of chronic bowel trouble. I can eat good and work every day. My neighbor is also using it with wonderful results." (Signed) Mrs. T. H. Smith.

Adler-i-ka flushes BOTH upper and lower bowels so completely it relieves ANT ACID gas on the stomach for your stomach. Removes a surprising amount of food, decaying matter from the alimentary canal (which poisons stomach for months). Often CURES constipation. Prevents appendicitis. The INSTANT pleasant action of Adler-i-ka astonishes both doctors and patients. It is a mixture of brackish, cascara, glycerine and nine other simple ingredients. People's Drug Store.

# Should Crippled Mail Service Be Decree Of Congress?

## Vital Interest of Commercial World in Jeopardy

The paramount question occupying the mind of every well-meaning citizen, and particularly every business man, should be: "WILL WANT AND A CRIPPLED MAIL SERVICE BE THE DECREE OF CONGRESS?"

With keen apprehension of the grave consequences of any possible legislative enactment which will fail to provide adequately to make the ridiculously low wages of Postoffice Clerks commensurate, not only with the cost of living, but with the decidedly higher recompense of most unskilled workers (the Postoffice Clerk is a highly skilled worker), the majority of employees in the Postal Service look forward to this fateful verdict of the Congress. For the unavoidable result of an inadequate appropriation, and thus by no means remedial legislation, will be continued want and poverty for the Postoffice clerks; and consequent wholesale resignations from the service which fails to offer the sorely needed living wages and fair working conditions found in the industrial field.

EVERY BUSINESS MAN, DEPENDENT UPON THE PROMPT TRANSMISSION OF THE MAIL, should endorse the following timely appeal to the Sixty-sixth Congress:

To the Senate and House of Representatives,  
Sixty-sixth Congress,  
Washington, D. C.

Gentlemen:

The Postal Service is on trial. For some time it has ceased to function as efficiently as you, the authorized representatives of the nation, and the general public are justified to expect.

The Postal Service is on trial because it no longer can comply with the needs and demands of the public. Our mail service is in jeopardy because, as one of the main arteries of commercial life, it fails to serve its purpose—the prompt transmission of the mails. Every enterprise, whether big or small, today suffers on account of the deplorable inadequacy of the Postal Service.

## Postal Service Near Breakdown

The Postal Service in Chicago, for instance, is on the verge of a breakdown. In its ill-ventilated premises a TOTALLY INADEQUATE FORCE OF CLERKS COPE IN VAIN WITH A CONSTANT, HEAVY INFLUX OF MAIL far beyond the working capacity of this limited number of employees. ALTHOUGH THEY TOIL AN AVERAGE OF TWO HOURS OVERTIME PER DAY, MANY SACKS OF UNWORKED MAIL ARE MUTE BUT ELOQUENT EVIDENCE OF THE DAILY UNFINISHED TASK WHEN THE OVERWORKED AND UNDERPAID NIGHT CLERK MEETS THE EQUALLY ABUSED DAY CLERK DURING THE EARLY HOURS OF THE DAY.

The important communications of big mailers, whether letters, circulars or parcels post, the means through which they attract and interest an extensive patronage, have no assurance whatever of the service they need to expedite their various transactions.

## Why Mail Is Delayed

Why is mail delayed? Because the force of employees, their pay and the general facilities are totally inadequate.

BECAUSE PAY OF POST OFFICE CLERKS IS SO RIDICULOUSLY SMALL, BY NO MEANS COMMENSURATE WITH THE COST OF LIVING, NOR WITH THE DECIDEDLY HIGHER WAGES OF MOST UNSKILLED WORKERS, AN ADEQUATE FORCE CANNOT BE RETAINED IN THE SERVICE.

Approximately 3,000 clerks have entered the Postal Service in Chicago, and also have resigned from it since January 1, 1919. To the 3,600 clerks employed in Chicago's Main Post Office and stations throughout the city local officials in vain endeavored to add about 600 clerks. The deplorable outcome of this attempt brought, as stated above, about 3,000 entrants and a similar number of resignations from a service that in every respect is uninviting to the applicant who wants a living wage and fair working conditions.

This condition is general throughout the country.

## Cause and Effect

Cause and Effect of the badly neglected service in the Chicago Post Office may be summarized as follows:

## Cause

Inadequate Pay (less than most unskilled workers receive).

Excessive Night Work.

Constant Overtime, causing fatigue and consequent mental sluggishness and physical inability to perform assigned duties with that vim and vigor essential to absolutely satisfactory results. (Daily overtime is a deliberate violation of the Eight-Hour Law, which provides for overtime merely in emergency cases.)

Unsanitary working premises, congestion and poor light.

## Effect

A Totally Inadequate Force.

A Crippled Service.

A Resultant Lower Grade of Efficiency, seriously impeding the prompt transmission of the mails.

## Living Wage Will Assure Competent Mail Service

A Living Wage unquestionably will assure a competent mail service. The figures of government experts and other competent authorities prove that a living wage for a family of four is far beyond the maximum of \$1,500 per year for post office clerks.

Still the post office clerk receives but the means of a bare existence. The unavoidable result of a sadly depleted force of employees, owing to inadequate pay, is an 'unreliable' mail service.

## Immediate Relief Imperative

Immediate relief is imperative. The enactment of remedial legislation for the next fiscal year will not pay the accumulating bills of underpaid post office clerks during the current year. THE POST OFFICE CLERK CANNOT LIVE NOW ON WHAT HE WILL RECEIVE IN THE FUTURE.

## A Justifiable Appeal in the Hour of Need

Mr. Senator and Mr. Congressman: If you are considering the pressing need of more adequate compensation in this hour of need, do not defeat the very object of such legislation by not providing amply to make wages of postal employees commensurate with the abnormal cost of living and with the exacting duties of a distributor—an enervating task at a high rate of speed, based upon the necessary knowledge of thousands of facts.

To you, gentlemen of the Congress, post office clerks must appeal for redress of grievances, cognizant of their constitutional right to secure a living wage and tolerable working conditions. Without such fair concessions many capable and experienced employees will find it impossible to remain in the service.

Adequate pay will assure an efficient postal service, which in turn will more than offset the expense of a sorely needed wage increase.

Very Respectfully,  
Chicago Local, No. 1,  
National Federation of Postal Employees.